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Graham & Graham, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Business Advisors & Management Consultants

The Solution Group

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Select Board Town of Plymouth, Vermont Plymouth, Vermont

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Plymouth, Vermont (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on General Fund

Management has not adopted a methodology for adequately recording and reconciling property tax revenue deposits and related payments received from taxpayers and others on delinquent taxes receivable in the General Fund and, accordingly, could not provide adequate documentation to support the sufficiency of property tax deposits recorded in these financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, fund balance, and revenues of the General Fund has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on General Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the General Fund of the Town of Plymouth, Vermont, as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position

thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund other than the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 - 6 and 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2017, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GRAHAM + GRAHAM, PC

Graham & Graham, P.C. Springfield, Vermont January 16, 2017 VT Registration #92-0000282 NH Registration #659

ME Registration #FMF 10001129

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net (Expense)

			_	Program Revenues						Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Function / Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and contributions		Total
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	608,777	\$	208,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(399,789)
Public education		915,832		-		-		-		(915,832)
Public safety		277,566		-		-		-		(277,566)
Public Works		641,437		-		71,162		-		(570,275)
Recreation and free library		1,700		-		-		-		(1,700)
Community development		8,443		-		-		-		(8,443)
Disaster buyouts		2,000		-		<u>.</u> .		3,818		1,818
Total functions and programs	_	2,455,755		208,988		71,162	_	3,818	= :	(2,171,787)
	Ge	eneral Revenu	es:							
		Property taxes	and	delinquent charg	ges	levied			\$	2,449,411
		Investment inc		•						19,619
]	Miscellaneous								6,797
		Total genera	al re	venues						2,475,827
	Cl	nange in net po	siti	on						304,040
	Ne	et position, be	ginn	ing of year						2,853,417
	Ne	et position, en	d of	year					\$	3,157,457

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

		General Fund		Highway and Building Funds		Non-major Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	675,896	\$	-	\$	162,557	\$	838,453
Investments		-		-		49,593		49,593
Receivables		183,236		-		-		183,236
Due from other funds	_	5,465	_	189,902		107,509		302,876
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	864,597	\$_	189,902	\$_	319,659	\$	1,374,158
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	51,765	\$	-	\$	19,000	\$	70,765
Accrued liabilities		10,025		-		-		10,025
Due to other funds		297,411				5,465		302,876
TOTAL LIABILITIES		359,201				24,465		383,666
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable property taxes, penalties and interest		109,585		-		-		109,585
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	109,585	. –	_			_	109,585
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		97,805		97,805
Restricted: Perpetual care						68,867		68,867
Highway infrastructure and other purposes		<u>-</u>		189,902		-		189,902
Assigned		_		100,002		128,522		128,522
Unassigned	_	395,811				-		395,811
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	395,811		189,902	<u>.</u>	295,194		880,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	864,597	\$_	189,902	_ \$ _	319,659	\$	1,374,158

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2016

Total fund balances from previous page	\$ 880,907
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered financial resources for fund perspective reporting and, therefore, are not reported	
in the funds.	3,438,560
Accumulated depreciation has not been included in the governmental	
fund financial statements.	(1,135,038)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources	
not due or payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(34,206)
Long-term capital leases payable are not due and payable in the current period	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(102,351)
Property taxes are not available to pay for current expenditures and, therefore,	
are deferred in the funds.	109,585
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,157,457

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

		General Fund	Highway and Building Funds		Non-major Funds		Total
REVENUES	_	, ,		•			
Property taxes - current year	\$	1,788,034	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,788,034
Property taxes - delinquent		393,180	-		-		393,180
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes		49,354	-		-		49,354
State payments in lieu of taxes		109,258	-		-		109,258
Traffic and other ordinance fines		191,500	-		-		191,500
Federal grants		3,818	-		-		3,818
State of Vermont grants		71,162	-		-		71,162
Licenses, permits and fees for services		17,488	-		-		17,488
Miscellaneous		6,790	-		-		6,790
Investment income		•	 -		19,627	_	19,627
Total revenues		2,630,584	 -		19,627		2,650,211
EXPENDITURES							
Public schools:							
Payments to/on behalf of Plymouth Town School District	_	915,832	 -		-		915,832
Public Safety:							
Law enforcement		199,282	-		-		199,282
Fire protection and emergency services	_	57,344	 -		-	_	57,344
Total public safety	_	256,626	 -		•	_	256,626
Community and municipal infrastructure:							
Road, highway, and bridge infrastructure		539,446	-		-		539,446
Curb recycling program		41,567	-		-		41,567
Library support		1,700	-		-		1,700
Listers		37,083	-		-		37,083
Taxes and assessments to regional organizations		61,682	-		-		61,682
Appropriated funds to local community organizations		8,443	 -		<u>-</u>		8,443
Total community and municipal development		689,921	 		<u></u>		689,921
Administration:							
Selectboard and trustees of public funds		5,300	-		-		5,300
Town clerk and treasurer's office		29,642	-		56,429		86,071
Payroll and related benefits		147,229	-		-		147,229
Elections		560	-		-		560
Legal and professional fees		46,345	-		-		46,345
Municipal building operating costs		32,723	-		-		32,723
Planning and zoning		1,260	-		-		1,260
Insurance		96,116	 <u> </u>		-		96,116
Total administration	-	359,175	 -		56,429		415,604
Total expenditures		2,221,554	 -		56,429	-	2,277,983
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	409,030	 -		(36,802)		372,228
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		5,465	-		-		5,465
Transfers out		-	-		(5,465)		(5,465)
Disaster buyback program		(2,000)	-		-		(2,000)
Miscellaneous		(846)	 -		-		(846)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,619	 -		(5,465)	-	(2,846)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		411,649	-		(42,267)		369,382
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	_	(15,838)	 189,902		337,461	_	511,525
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ _	395,811	\$ 189,902	\$	295,194	\$	880,907

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	369,382
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays	t	
exceeded depreciation in the current period		43,936
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(8,238)
The issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principle of long-term debt consumes		
the current financial resources of governmental funds.		(102,350)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred and not		1 210
included on the Statement of Activities.	-	1,310
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$_	304,040

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Town of Plymouth, Vermont (the "Town") was organized under Vermont Statutes to provide municipal services to the citizens of Plymouth, Vermont. The Select Board (the "Board") is the basic level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the Town. The Town's major operations include fire and police protection, emergency services, parks and recreation, public works and general administrative services.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town, for financial reporting purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operations of the Town of Plymouth, Vermont. The financial statements presented herein do not include entities which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Town.

The financial statements of the Town do not include those of separately administered entities that are not controlled by or dependent on the Town. Such control or dependence ("oversight responsibility") is determined on the basis of five basic characteristics; financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

The significant factors for exclusion are: the directors or trustees are elected directly by the registered voters or members; the Town cannot significantly influence the entities' operations; the entities have sole budgetary authority; the entities control surpluses and deficits; the Town is not responsible for the entities debts; and the entities are responsible for fiscal management and fee determination. Based on these criteria, the Town's reporting entity does not include other unreported entities for which the Town exercises no oversight responsibility and has no accountability for fiscal matters.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

The Town's police, fire protection, emergency services, parks and recreation, public works, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Town does not have any business-type activities to report in these financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (fire, public works, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public works, community and youth services, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.). All inter-fund activity has been eliminated in the basic financial statements.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Town electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Town reports these major governmental funds and fund types:

- a. The general fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. Cemetery Fund, Reappraisal Fund and Highway and Building Fund.

The activities reported in these funds are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other non-exchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred.

Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

1. Cash:

Cash balances of most Town funds are deposited with and invested by the Town Treasurer and Clerk. The Town considers all investments with an original maturity of three (3) months or less to be cash equivalents. The Town has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. Receivables:

All receivables are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

3. Investments:

The Town categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

4. Capital Assets:

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time received. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase for proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of any interest earned on the invested proceeds during the same period. Interest is not capitalized during the construction phase of capital assets used in governmental activities. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's useful life are not capitalized. Infrastructure assets are reported starting with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. The Town has elected not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively.

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, infrastructure and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and have initial useful lives beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets that are being depreciated are reported net of accumulated depreciation in the statement of net position. Capital assets that are not being depreciated, such as land, are reported separately. Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense is reported in the statement of activities by allocating the net cost over the estimated useful life of the asset. Assets are depreciated on an individual basis for equipment and buildings.

The Board maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Useful Lives
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements	10 – 25 years 25 – 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 – 10 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Town reports decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. Deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include (1) a deferred amount arising from the refunding of enterprise fund bonds, (2) a deferred outflow of resources for contributions made to the Town's defined benefit pension plans between the measurement date of the net pension liabilities from those plans and the end of the Town's fiscal year, and (3) deferred outflows of resources related to the differences between the expected and actual demographics for the Town's single-employer defined benefit fund.

The deferred refunding amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding bonds as part of interest expense. Deferred outflows for pension contributions will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred amount related to the actuarial assumptions for demographic factors in the pension fund will be recognized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees participating in the plan. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

6. Deferred Inflows of Resources:

The Town's statements of net position and its governmental fund balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s). Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the Town's various statements of net position for actual pension plan investment earnings in excess of the expected amounts included in determining pension expense. This deferred inflow of resources is attributed to pension expense over a total of one (1) year, including the current year. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The Town will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the Town's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenues from property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

7. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues:

Property taxes are levied (and the related tax rate is set) in July of its fiscal year, based upon the grand list of the Town Assessor as of April 1st of the previous fiscal year. The property tax due date calendar for these taxes is the 1st day of the months of September and February of the fiscal year assessed.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied to the extent that they become available, i.e., due or receivable, within the current fiscal year and collected within the current period or within 60 days of year-end.

Property taxes collected before the due date, and in advance of the year for which they are levied, are recorded as a prepaid tax liability as they are intended to finance the subsequent year's budget.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The tax rates for the fiscal year were as follows:

	_	Non-Residential	Residential
Education	\$	1.53	\$ 1.72
Municipal	_	0.41	0.41
Total Tax Rate per \$100 Assessed Value	\$	1.94	\$ 2.13

8. Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position:

Government-wide and proprietary fund net positions are divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets-consist of the historical cost of capital assets less
 accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to
 finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources
 related to those assets.
- Restricted net position-consist of assets that are restricted by the Town's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors (including those who have donated to the Town's parks endowment less related liabilities and deferred inflows of resources).
- Unrestricted-all other net position is reported in this category.

9. Governmental Fund Balances:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- Non-spendable-Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted-**Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Town Charter, the Town Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- Committed-Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Town's Select Board.
- **Assigned-**Amounts that are designated by management of the Town for a particular purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed or there is a majority vote approval (for capital projects or debt service) by the Select Board.
- Unassigned-All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

10. Use of Restricted Resources:

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the Town's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the Town's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

11. Inter-fund Activity:

Inter-fund activity is reported as loans, services provided, and reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as inter-fund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Town adopts a legal budget for its general fund at the annual Town meeting in March of each year for the ensuing fiscal year.

B. BUDGETARY BASIS

The General Fund final appropriation appearing on the "Budget and Actual" page of the fund financial statements represents the final amended budget after all reserve fund transfers and supplemental appropriations.

NOTE 3 - CASH

Custodial credit risk

It is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's deposits are fully collateralized for the amounts in excess of FDIC insurance coverage.

The cash deposits in the Town's accounts as of June 30, 2016 consisted of the following, and are organized by the following risk categories: Category 1: FDIC Insured deposits or collateralized deposits with securities held in the Depositor's name; Category 2: Collateralized deposits held with the financial institution's name; Category 3: Uncollateralized deposits (such as cash on hand).

NOTE 3 – CASH (continued)

Description	_	Book Balance	 Bank Balance
Insured (FDIC Category 1)	\$	250,000	\$ 250,000
Uninsured, collateralized by Bank, secured by			
eligible securities including Federal agency			
and U.S. Treasury notes		425,896	588,453
Totals	\$	675,896	\$ 838,453

The difference between the bank balance and the book balance is due to reconciling items, such as outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

The following summarizes tax collections during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	 Totals
Balance – July 1, 2015	\$ 224,310
Gross tax levy, current fiscal year	3,876,649
Tax collections and credits	 (3,981,722)
Balance – June 30, 2016	\$ 119,237

Amounts reported as unavailable revenue are taxes that were not collected as of August 31, 2016 in the amount of \$109,585. The difference between the receivable and the unavailable revenue amount of \$9,652 represents taxes collected in July and August 2016, and is recognized as revenue in the governmental fund financial statements at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 5- DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

The following schedule details items (due to) or due from between the governmental funds as of the balance sheet date:

		Other
 General Fund		Governmental
\$ (189,902)	\$	189,902
(55,719)		55,719
(35,000)		35,000
(16,186)		16,186
(218)		218
(5,457)		5,457
(394)		394
\$ (302,876)	\$	302,876
	\$ (189,902) (55,719) (35,000) (16,186) (218) (5,457) (394)	\$ (189,902) \$ (55,719) (35,000) (16,186) (218) (5,457) (394)

NOTE 6 - INVESTMENTS

The fair value of investments at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Investment Security Type	 Fair Value	Fair Value Hierarchy
Money market funds	\$ 7,427	Level 1
Mutual funds	 42,165	Level 1
	\$ 49,592	

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk — State law with regard to cemeteries limits investments in domestic common or preferred stocks to no more than 35% of the portfolio. The rest may be invested in bonds of the United States or the State of Vermont, in bonds or notes issued in anticipation of taxes, loaned upon the first mortgage of real estate (limited to 60% of the value of the underlying real estate), or in the stock of a bank. The Town has no other investment policy that would limit its investments beyond any donor-imposed restrictions on certain endowment donations.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule details the changes in the Town's capital assets:

Description	_	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016
Land, buildings and equipment Accumulated	\$	3,434,230	\$ 4,330	\$ -	\$ 3,438,560
depreciation		(894,657)	(240,381)	-	(1,135,038)
Total capital assets, net	\$	2,539,573	\$ (236,051)	\$ -	\$ 2,303,522

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	Totals
General government	\$ 124,069
Public safety	20,940
Public works	 95,372
Balance – June 30, 2016	\$ 240,381

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT/COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of its assets; injuries to employees and others; and natural disasters. These risks are provided for in various insurance contracts with the Vermont League of Cities and Towns' Property and Casualty Fund and Unemployment Insurance Trust.

Any claims under these policies have not exceeded coverage in any of the immediately preceding three fiscal years. If the insurance funds noted above should ever become insolvent, the Town could be liable for a proportionate share of the Fund's liabilities.

The Town receives grant support from various State, Local and Federal sources. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by these grantors. Management believes that any possible disallowed costs, if any, would not be material to these financial statements.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES

The Town has entered into agreements to lease a snow plow and a truck with attachments. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. Lease payments of \$27,970 are due annually under the truck lease agreement through July 2016. Lease payments of \$40,032 are due annually under the snow plow agreement through December 2017.

The following schedule presents future minimum lease obligations, together with the present value of net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016:

Total
Lease
Payments
\$ 68,002
40,031
108,033
(5,682)
102,351
(63,702)
\$ 38,649

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS), and additions to/deductions from VMERSs' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VMERS.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for school districts and other municipal employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds.

An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the retirement system consisted of 437 participating employers. The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement system for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system, and two employer representatives-one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system, and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service.

Summary of System Provisions

Membership	Full-time employees of participating municipalities. Municipality elects coverage under Groups A, B, C or D provisions.					
Creditable service	Service as a member plus purchased service					
Average Final Compensation	Group A – average annual compensation during the highest 5 consecutive years.					
(AFC)	Group B and C – average annual compensation during highest 3 consecutive years.					
Garaine Detirement Alleman	Group D – average annual compensation during highest 2 consecutive years.					
Service Retirement Allowance Eligibility	Group A – the earlier of age 65 with 5 years of service or age 55 with 35 years of service					
	Group B – the earlier of age 62 with 5 years of service or age 55 with 30 years of service.					

Groups C and D – age 55 with 5 years of service.

Amount

Group A - 1.4% of AFC x service

Group B-1.7% of AFC x service as Group B member plus percentage earned as Group A member x AFC.

Group C-2.5% of AFC x service as a Group C member plus percentage earned as a Group A or B member x AFC.

Group D-2.5% of AFC x service as a Group D member plus percentage earned as a Group A, B, or C member x AFC

Maximum benefit is 60% of AFC for Groups A and B and 50% of AFC for Groups C and D. The above includes the portion of the allowance provided by member contributions.

Early Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

Age 55 with 5 years of service for Groups A and B; age 50 with 20 years of service for Group D.

Amount Normal allowance based on service and AFC at early retirement, reduced by 6% for each

year commencement proceeds Normal Retirement Age for Group A and B members, and payable without reduction to Group D members.

Vested Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

5 years of service.

Amount Allowance beginning at normal retirement age based on AFC and service at termination.

The AFC is to be adjusted annually by one-half of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, subject to the limits on "Post-Retirement Adjustments" described below.

Disability Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

5 years of service and disability as determined by Retirement Board.

Amount Immediate allowance based on AFC and service to date of disability; children's benefit of

10% of AFC payable to up to three minor children (or children up to age 23 if enrolled in

full-time studies) of a disabled Group D member.

Death Benefit

Eligibility

Death after 5 years of service.

Amount For Groups A, B, C, reduced early retirement allowance under 100% survivor option

commencing immediately or, if greater, survivor's benefits under disability annuity computed as of date of death. For Group D, 70% of the unreduced accrued benefit plus

children's benefit.

Optional Benefit and Death after

Retirement

For Groups A, B, C, lifetime allowance or actuarially equivalent 50% or 100% joint and survivor allowance with refund of contribution guarantee. For Group D, lifetime allowance

or 70% contingent annuitant option with no reduction.

Refund of Contribution Upon termination, if the member so elects or if no other benefit is payable, the member's

accumulated contributions are refunded.

Post-Retirement Adjustments Allowance in payment for at least one year increased on each January 1 by one-half of the

percentage increase in consumer price index but not more than 2% for Group A and 3% for

Groups B, C and D.

Member Contributions Group A - 2.5% effective July 1, 2000 (reduced from 3.0%)

Group B – 4.75% effective July 1, 2014 (increased from 4.625%)

Group C-9.625% effective July 1, 2014 and 9.75% effective January 1, 2015 (increased from 9.5%)

Group D – 11.25% effective July 1, 2014 (increased from 11.25%)

Employer Contributions

Group A - 4.0%

Group B -5.375% (changed from 5.125%) effective July 1, 2014

Group C-6.875% from July 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014 (changed from 6.625% and then 7.0% effective January 1, 2015

Group D – 9.75% effective July 1, 2014 (increased from 9.625%)

Retirement Stipend

\$25 per month payable at the option of the Board of Retirees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Town reported a liability of \$57,468 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability.

The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.07454%, which was the same its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$9,337.

At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,817	\$ -
Change of assumptions		11,445	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		11,102	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		493	(1,595)
Total	\$ _	24,857	\$ (1,595)

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

\$24,857 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. \$1,595 was reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from various pension related deferral items. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30:		
Ī	2017	- \$	4,371
	2018		4,371
	2019		10,148
	Thereafter		_

The Town's contribution history is as follows:

FY2016	FY2015	FY2014	FY2013
\$ 10,420	\$ 10,420	\$ 9,402	\$ 9,626

Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Interest Rate: A select-and-ultimate interest rate set, specified below. The interest rate set is restarted every year:

₹	
Year 1: 6.25%	Year 10: 8.50%
Year 2: 6.75%	Year 11: 8.50%
Year 3: 7.00%	Year 12: 8.50%
Year 4: 7.50%	Year 13: 8.50%
Year 5: 7.75%	Year 14: 8.50%
Year 6: 8.25%	Year 15: 8.50%
Year 7: 8.25%	Year 16: 8.50%
Year 8: 8.25%	Year 17 and Later: 9.00%
Year 9: 8.50%	

Salary Increases: 5% per year.

Deaths:

Active Participants – 50% of the probabilities in the 1995 Buck Mortality Tables for males and females.

Non-disabled retirees and terminated vested participants – the 1995 Buck Mortality Tables with no set-back for males and one-year set-back for females.

Disabled retirees – RP-2000 Disabled Life Tables.

Beneficiaries – 1995 Buck Mortality Tables for males and females.

Spouse's Age: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

Cost-of-living Adjustments to Benefits Terminated Vested and Retired Participants: Assumed to occur at the rate of 1.5% per annum for Group A members and 1.8% per annum for members of Groups B, C and D.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal – Level Percentage of Pay.

Asset Valuation Method: Invested assets are reported at fair value.

Note – for funding purposes – a smoothing method is used, under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. The value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%.

Inflation: The separately stated assumptions for investment return, salary increases and cost of living adjustments are consistent with an expected annual inflation rate of 3.00% to 3.25% per year. The long-term expected rate of return on System investments was determined using best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class using an econometric model that forecasts a variety of economic environments and then calculates asset class returns based on functional relationships between the economic variable and the asset classes. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce forecasts of the short, intermediate, and longer term horizons by weighting the expected future nominal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The various time horizons in the forecast are intended to capture more recent economic and capital market conditions as well as other plausible environments that could develop in the future over economic cycles. To reflect this in the rate-of-return assumption, a Select and Ultimate assumption setting approach, which is cited in Section 3.8.4 of Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27 as an alternative to a single assumed rate of return, is employed.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Equity	31.50%	8.61%
Fixed Income	33.00%	1.91%
Alternatives	15.50%	6.93%
Multi-strategy	20.00%	4.88%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.95% to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.95%, as well as what the proportionate share would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.95%) or one percent higher (8.95%):

		1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.95%)			Discount Rate (7.95%)	 Decrease (8.95%)
Town's proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	114,789	\$	57,468	\$ 9,417

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available as a part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance & Management website at:

http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/CAFR

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has evaluated subsequent events through January 16, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Graham & Graham, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Business Advisors & Management Consultants

The Solution Group

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Select Board Town of Plymouth, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Plymouth, Vermont (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we identified deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly,

15 North Main Street, Suite 204, Concord, NH 03301 • (603) 225-2944 Fax: (603) 856-7635 174 Court Street, PO Box 1661, Laconia, NH 03247 • (603) 527-8721 Fax: (603) 527-8187 PO Box 886, 6 Main St., Springfield, VT 05156 • (802) 885-5340 Fax: (802) 885-4999 162 North Main Street, Suite 206, Barre, VT 05641 • (802) 356-2423 Website: www.grahamcpa.com

we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

GRAHAM + GRAHAM, PC

Graham & Graham, P.C. Springfield, Vermont January 16, 2017 VT Registration #92-0000282 NH Registration #659 ME Registration #FMF 10001129

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

Property taxes - current year \$ 1,149,467 \$ 1,788,014 \$ 6,383,67 \$ 7,788,014 \$ 1,495,000 \$ 1,494,67 \$ 1,494,67 \$ 1,494,67 \$ 1,493,48 \$ 1,493,58 \$ 1,4	(Unaudite	d)			
Property taxes - current year					Favorable
Property taxes - current year \$1,149,467 \$1,788,014 \$0.358,167 Property taxes - delinquent taxes	DEVENIUS	-	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Property taxes - delinquent taxes -		¢	1 149 467 \$	1 788 034 \$	638 567
Marcest and penaltics on delinquent taxes		Φ	1,149,407 \$		•
109,258 109,258 109,500 191,			_	-	
Pederal grants			_	•	
Federal grants			_	•	-
State of Vermont grants			_		
1,484 1,488 1,48			-		
Miscellaneous - 6,790 6,790 Total revenues 1,149,467 2,630,584 1,474,327 EXPENDITURES Payments to/on behalf of Plymouth Town School District 15,000 915,832 (900,832) Public Safety: Law enforcement 60,100 199,282 (139,182) Fire protection and emergency services 540,500 57,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: 8 30,946 5,083 Road, highway, and bridge infrastructure 544,529 539,446 5,083 Curb recycling program 16,000 41,567 (25,567) Library support 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,700 Listers 35,000 37,083 2,083 395 Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 673,067 689,921 (16,852) 331 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,338 8,443 395 305 Total community and municipal development <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>· ·</td> <td></td>	-		_	· ·	
Total revenues			-		
Public schools: Payments to/on behalf of Plymouth Town School District 15,000 915,832 (900,832) Public Safety: Canal Comment 60,100 199,282 (139,182) Fire protection and emergency services 54,050 57,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: 8 30,000 41,567 (25,567) Library support 1,600 41,567 (25,567) Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Abdinistration: Selectioard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 46	Total revenues	-	1,149,467		
Public schools: Payments to/on behalf of Plymouth Town School District 15,000 915,832 (900,832) Public Safety: Canal Comment 60,100 199,282 (139,182) Fire protection and emergency services 54,050 57,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: 8 30,000 41,567 (25,567) Library support 1,600 41,567 (25,567) Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Abdinistration: Selectioard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 46	EXPENDITURES				
Payments to/on behalf of Plymouth Town School District 15,000 915,832 (900,832) Public Safety: 1 1199,282 (139,182) Law enforcement 60,100 199,282 (139,182) Fire protection and emergency services 54,050 57,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: 8 50,000 41,567 (25,567) Curb recycling program 16,000 41,567 (25,567) Library support 1,700 1,700 1,700 -7 Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 473,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: 4,950 5,300 (35,00 Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits					
Law enforcement 60,100 199,282 (139,182) Fire protection and emergency services 34,050 37,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: Road, highway, and bridge infrastructure 544,529 539,446 5,083 Curb recycling program 16,000 41,567 (25,676) Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 29,629) Elections 2,500 550 1,94 Legal and professional fees 5,000<			15,000	915,832	(900,832)
Law enforcement 60,100 199,282 (139,182) Fire protection and emergency services 34,050 37,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: Road, highway, and bridge infrastructure 544,529 539,446 5,083 Curb recycling program 16,000 41,567 (25,676) Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 29,629) Elections 2,500 550 1,94 Legal and professional fees 5,000<	Public Safety				
Fire protection and emergency services 54,050 37,344 (3,294) Total public safety 114,150 256,626 (142,476) Community and municipal infrastructure: 8 8 8 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 5,083 6 6 5,083 6 6 5,083 6 6 5,083 3 2,083 3 2,083 3 2,083 3 3 2,083 3	• •		60.100	199.282	(139.182)
Total public safety				•	
Road, highway, and bridge infrastructure 544,529 539,446 5,083 Curb recycling program 16,000 41,567 (25,567) Library support 1,700 1,700 - Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
Road, highway, and bridge infrastructure 544,529 539,446 5,083 Curb recycling program 16,000 41,567 (25,567) Library support 1,700 1,700 - Listers 35,000 37,083 (2,083) Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>		-	•		
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Taxes and assessments to regional organizations 67,000 61,682 5,318 Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINAN	* **		•	-	(2.002)
Appropriated funds to local community organizations 8,838 8,443 395 Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465)			•		
Total community and municipal development 673,067 689,921 (16,854) Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous					
Administration: Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>		-			
Selectboard and trustees of public funds 4,950 5,300 (350) Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE I	Total community and municipal development	-	073,007	089,921	(10,834)
Town clerk and treasurer's office 38,250 29,642 8,608 Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN			4.050	# 200	(250)
Payroll related benefits 117,600 147,229 (29,629) Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - 411,649 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) -	•		•		` ′
Elections 2,500 560 1,940 Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) (15,838) - (15,838) <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>· ·</td> <td>=</td>			•	· ·	=
Legal and professional fees 5,000 46,345 (41,345) Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) - 411,649 \$ 399,394	·				
Municipal building operating costs 77,950 32,723 45,227 Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures - 409,030 402,240 CHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) - (15,838)					•
Planning and zoning 4,000 1,260 2,740 Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - 411,649 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) - (15,838)				•	
Insurance 97,000 96,116 884 Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - 411,649 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838)	· · · · · ·		•		•
Total administration 347,250 359,175 (11,925) Total expenditures 1,149,467 2,221,554 (1,072,087) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Total expenditures		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 409,030 402,240 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-	 		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-			
Transfers in - 5,465 (5,465) NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) - (2,000) 2,000 Disaster buyback program - (846) 846 Miscellaneous - (2,846) 2,846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	409,030	402,240
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES) Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) -					4- 4
Disaster buyback program - (2,000) 2,000 Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) -	Transfers in	-		5,465	(5,465)
Miscellaneous - (846) 846 Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838) - </td <td>NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES)				
Total non-operating income (expense) - (2,846) 2,846 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838)	Disaster buyback program		-	(2,000)	2,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ - 411,649 \$ 399,394 FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838)	Miscellaneous			(846)	846
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year (15,838)	Total non-operating income (expense)		-	(2,846)	2,846
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ _	-	411,649 \$	399,394
FUND BALANCES, end of year \$ 395,811	FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	•		(15,838)	
	FUND BALANCES, end of year		\$	395,811	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Cemetery Fund		Reappraisal Fund	1	Office Equipment Reserve		Emergency Fund		Miscellaneous Funds		Record Restoration Fund		Permanent Fund		Total
ASSETS				. –											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,209	\$	45,478	\$	- 5	S	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	82,870	\$	162,557
Investments	-		-		-		25.000		-		16 106		49,593		49,593
Due from other funds	•			_	55,719	-	35,000		604	-	16,186			_	107,509
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 34,209	\$	45,478	\$ _	55,719	\$_	35,000	\$.	604	\$.	16,186	\$.	132,463	\$	319,659
LIABILITIES															
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	19,000		-		-		-		-		-		19,000
Due to other funds		-	5,465	_	-	-	-		-		-		-	_	5,465
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-		24,465	_	-	-	-		-		•		•		24,465
FUND BALANCES															
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-		-		-		97,805		97,805
Restricted:															
Perpetual care	34,209		-		-		-		-		-		34,658		68,867
Assigned	-		21,013	_	55,719	-	35,000		604		16,186		-		128,522
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	34,209	_	21,013	_	55,719	-	35,000		604		16,186		132,463	_	295,194
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 34,209	\$	45,478	\$_	55,719	\$	35,000	\$	604	\$	16,186	\$	132,463	\$	319,659

TOWN OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Cemetery Fund	Reappraisal Fund	Office Equipment Reserve	Emergency Fund	Miscellaneous Funds	Record Restoration Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES							10.555 6	10.627
Investment income	\$ 64	.\$8\$		§	·\$		19,555 \$	19,627
Total revenues	64	8				•	19,555	19,627
EXPENDITURES								
Operations and equipment	-	56,429	-	-	-			56,429
Total expenditures		56,429		-			-	56,429
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	64	(56,421)	_	-	***************************************	-	19,555	(36,802)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		(5,465)			-			(5,465)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	64	(61,886)	-	-	-	=	19,555	(42,267)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	34,145	82,899	55,719	35,000	604	16,186	112,908	337,461
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 34,209	\$ 21,013	\$ 55,719	\$ 35,000	\$ 604 5	\$ 16,186 \$	132,463 \$	295,194